"ENOUGH IS ENOUGH"

Tim McAfee, MD, MPH

Director, Office on Smoking and Health Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

National Plans
Texas Tobacco Summit
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Accelerating the National Movement to Reduce Tobacco

The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress

A Report of the Surgeon General



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

GOAL:

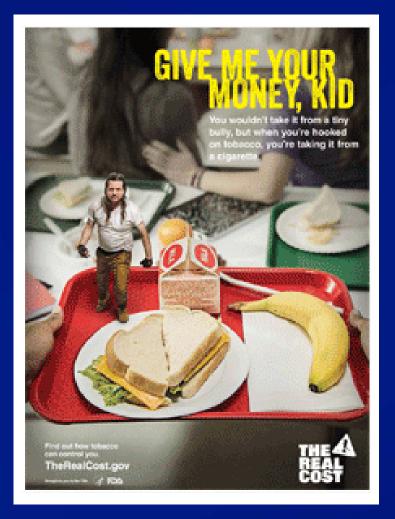
Reduce the smoking rate to less than 10% for youth and adults in 10 years

HOW?
Pedal to the metal with proven strategies

Promising "End game" approaches

#1: High Impact National Media Campaigns





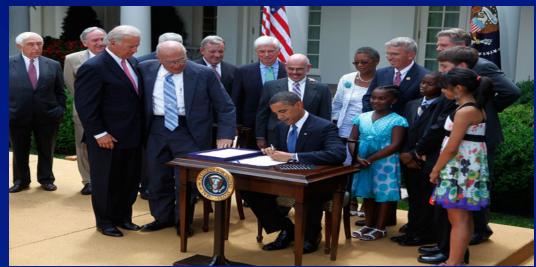
#2: Fulfilling ACA Opportunities

- Promote health systems change
 - Provider reminder systems
 - Electronic health records (EHRs)
- Expand cessation insurance treatments
 - Covers all evidence-based treatments
 - Eliminates cost and convenience barriers
- Support state quitline capacity
 - Expand state quitline reach: new target is 8%-13%
 - Ensure that all callers receive at least some help

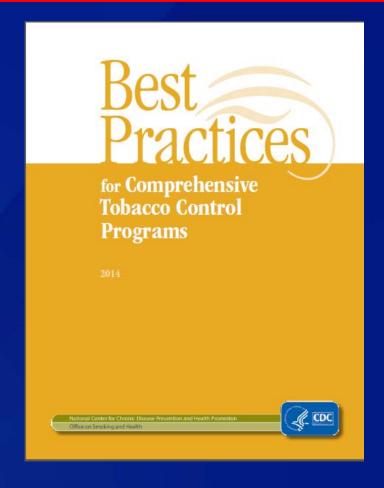
#3: Effective Implementation of FDA's Authority

- Deeming
- Nicotine reduction





#4: Fully Fund Statewide Tobacco Control Programs



Best Practices-2014: The Bottom Line

- Recommended funding level: \$10.53 per person each year.
- States receive about \$80 per person in revenue from tobacco settlements and sales annually
- Spend < \$1.50 per person less than 15% of the Recommended level.
- Recommended funding level =
 - Annual level of investment ensuring a fully funded and sustained comprehensive tobacco control program



Texas

Program Intervention Budgets	2014 \$264.1 million	
Recommended Annual Investment		
Deaths in State Caused by Smoking		
Annual average smoking-attributable deaths	28,000	
Youth aged 0-17 projected to die from smoking	498,500	
Annual Costs Incurred in State from Smoking		
Total medical	\$8,856 million	
State Revenue from Tobacco Sales and Settlement		
FY 2012 tobacco tax revenue	\$1,484.0 million	
FY 2012 tobacco settlement payment	\$474.6 million	
Total state revenue from tobacco sales and settlement	\$1,958.6 million	
Percent Tobacco Revenue to Fund at Recommended Level	13%	

	Annual Total (Millions) Minimum Recommended		Annual Per Capita Minimum Recommended	
State and Community Interventions Multiple social resources working together will have the greatest long-term population impact.	\$68.0	\$85.0	\$2.61	\$3.26
II. Mass-Reach Health Communication Interventions Media interventions work to prevent smoking initiation, promote cessation, and shape social norms.	\$33.3	\$47.9	\$1.28	\$1.84
III. Cessation Interventions Tobacco use treatment is effective and highly cost-effective.	\$60.2	\$96.7	\$2.31	\$3.71
IV. Surveillance and Evaluation Publicly funded programs should be accountable and demonstrate effectiveness.	\$16.2	\$23.0	\$0.62	\$0.88
V. Infrastructure, Administration, and Management Complex, integrated programs require experienced staff to provide fiscal management, accountability, and coordination.	\$8.1	\$11.5	\$0.31	\$0.44
TOTAL	\$185.8	\$264.1	\$7.13	\$10.13

Note: A justification for each program element and the rationale for the budget estimates are provided in Section A. The funding estimates presented are based on adjustments for changes in population and cost-of-living increases since Best Practices—2007 was published. The actual

Broadening Approach to Disparities:

- CDC-OSH/Cancer Prevention National Networks
- Addressing tobacco-related and cancer disparities
- Provide assistance, support collaboration, learning and support
- Specific populations



#5: Extending Smokefree Air Policies



Texas Successes in Smoke-free

- City Ordinances
- Colleges, Universities and Technical Schools
- Mental Health authority of Texas



Si Se Puede

- We can make tobacco a minor public health nuisance
- The will to do it is the challenge
- Formula =
 - Pedal to the metal for proven strategies
 - Groundwork for End Game



Thank you!

For more information please contact Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

1600 Clifton Road NE, Atlanta, GA 30333

Telephone, 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)/TTY: 1-888-232-6348

E-mail: cdcinfo@cdc.gov Web: www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

